

The True Northerner.

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

The Cambria Iron Works at Johnstown, Pa., have posted notice of a 10 to 20 per cent. reduction in wages.

Miss Roma Sikes, stepdaughter of Gen. Daniel E. Sikes, has been clandestinely married to William Meade, a coachman employed at the residence of her father, George G. Sikes, at New Rochelle, N. Y. The affair creates a sensation.

The sum of \$20,000 in bonds has been mysteriously abstracted from a safety deposit vault in Boston. Suspicion attaches to a young man related to one of the trustees of the property, who has had access to the box.

The extensive vitrol-works of James Irwin & Co., at Pittsburgh, valued at \$100,000, were wiped out by fire.

The murder of Capt. Nutt and the subsequent slaying of the dastard Dukes at Uniontown, Pa., are recalled by the death by cholera morbus of Miss Annie C. Nutt and her sister and grandmother.

A race for \$12,000 between Miss Woodford and Drake Carter attracted twenty thousand persons to Sheepshead Bay, Long Island. The former, who was entered by Dwyer Brothers, made 2 1/4 miles in 4:25 1/2.

It is alleged that the "Molly Maguire" organization is showing signs of activity in the coal regions of Pennsylvania.

Rindskopf Bros. & Co., clothiers, at New York, have made an assignment, giving preferences for \$80,000. Their liabilities are estimated at \$300,000, while the actual assets are said to amount to \$110,000.

Four of the miners' wives at Coal Center, Pa., have been arrested—three for conspiracy and one for assault. They are members of the "tin-pan brigade," a body of 200 women who used the collieries every morning to induce the non-unionists to join the strikers.

Priddy, a Pittsburgh carman, who engaged in a contest last week, has since developed paralysis in both arms, which can not be removed by a galvanic battery, and it is alleged that he was poisoned in the interest of his rival.

WESTERN.

Christopher Mann celebrated his 110th birthday Sept. 13, near Independence, Mo. He is the father of twenty-eight children, and has always used tobacco and whisky, but never were spectacles.

N. C. Thompson, who for twenty-five years has been one of the leaders in business circles at Rockford, Ill., has suspended payment at his banking house, but claims that the manufacturing company bearing his name will be in no way involved. His liabilities are said to be fully \$250,000. He holds large amounts of notes given by farmers for agricultural implements, his assets being estimated at \$215,000.

The Jersey herd of J. O. Bailey, near Peoria, Ill., have been attacked with pneumonia. A bull worth \$2,000 was killed.

An old man who reached Cleveland the other day drove at once to the residence of Mrs. Garfield, on Prospect street, and twice endeavored to secure admission by inquiring for Mrs. Fifer. For hours afterward he kept a close watch on the house, and when this grew tiresome Mrs. Garfield caused his arrest. A revolver was found on his person, and he was sent to jail for contempt in refusing to answer questions in the Police Court.

Five of the Cleveland (O.) Judges met last week to hear arguments in the case brought by the Cleveland liquor-dealers to prevent the County Treasurer from collecting the liquor tax under the Scott law until its constitutionality had been passed upon by the State Supreme Court. The Judges failed to agree. The liquor-dealers' attorney then took a non-suit and immediately appealed to the Supreme Court.

An industrial school for Indians, with accommodations for 400 pupils, has been opened at Lawrence, Kan.

A fire originating in Moore's planing-mill on High street, Detroit, spread to Grand River avenue, destroying the feed block and other property valued at \$60,000.

Charles Francis Adams, Jr., President of the Union Pacific Road, reports that for the year ending June 30 the surplus income of the company amounted to \$2.2 per cent. on the capital stock. The fixed charges of the system are \$700,000 per month.

A train on the Indiana, Bloomington and Western Road, en route for Peoria, was thrown from the track near Farmer City, Illinois, by a broken rail. Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks was a passenger, but escaped unhurt. Eight persons were so seriously injured as to be helpless, while several others received lacerations.

The steamer Daotah sunk in the Missouri River near Providence. She was valued at \$24,000.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Road, net earnings of \$6,455,200 were reported. The capital stock is \$66,807,000, and the funded debt \$40,700,000. The amount loaned out of the Missouri River amount to 4,070,000 acres, which are dedicated to the extinguishment of preferred stock.

A La Crosse (Wis.) newspaper intimates that the damage to wheat by rust is very serious, and that grain has been sold at certain points on the basis of 28 and 30 cents per bushel. Elevator men complain of working in the cars, the wheat smells so badly.

In the Blaine-Sentinel libel suit at Indianapolis the defendants on Sept. 18 filed a bill of discovery. After reciting alleged facts previous to Mr. Blaine's marriage, they claim that no record was made of the marriage; that the officiating minister has been dead for years, and that as Blaine is himself ignorant of all the occurrences, and as it will be necessary for them to prove illicit intercourse with the person to whom he was subsequently married to justify the publication complained of, they demand that the plaintiff answer the interrogatories previously propounded; that the proceedings be stayed until answer is made; or, if no reply

is returned to the questions, that the case be perpetually restrained.

Isaac Jacobson, the Finlander who murdered George Bedell, a North Clark street business man, was hung in the jail at Chicago. The unfortunate man seemed to have completely broken down before his execution.

Judge Drummond has telegraphed the President asking to be relieved at once, before the October term of court.

Several towns in Michigan, Ohio, and Indiana were shaken, on the afternoon of Sept. 19, by an earthquake of a few seconds' duration, the oscillations being more perceptible in the upper stories of structures. Tableware was dashed to the floor, furniture disturbed, and windows wrecked, alarming the inmates, who, in many instances, fled panic-stricken to the streets. At Detroit the quake was severely felt, and the river rose some inches. The Methodist Conference and Ladies' Missionary Society, in session at Defiance, Ohio, hastily quitted the building which they occupied; and the disturbance almost caused a panic at a reunion in Ottawa, Ohio. Children in the schools at Indianapolis became alarmed, and occupants of railroad depots in the sections visited imagined that a locomotive had collided with the buildings. A rumbling sound was heard in some places, resembling a distant explosion. Tremors were also felt in portions of Canada, Kentucky, and West Virginia, and were so severe in the suburbs of Cincinnati as to terrify the children in the schools.

SOUTHERN.

E. De Merolla, wine merchant and Italian and Turkish Consul at Baltimore, is missing, and owes \$30,000.

The boiler of a cotton compress at Eufrasia, Ala., exploded with such force as to shake the town. The building went to fragments, and four employees were killed.

The cemetery at Conyers, Ga., was invaded at night, the graves desecrated and monuments wrecked. The Methodist Episcopal Church was also set on fire and was destroyed. The perpetrator, Tom Marston, who also tried to burn the town, was followed and shot, but averred that God commanded him to commit the outrages.

A child in Baltimore, suffering from diphtheria, recently, coughed infected matter into the face of Dr. Melville Taylor, the result being the death of the latter.

The remains of Brig. Gen. B. H. Helm, of the Confederate army, who was killed at Chickamauga, have been disinterred at Atlanta and removed to Elizabethtown, Ky. He was a brother-in-law of Abraham Lincoln.

At Frankfort, Ky., John Simmons, a colored boy, whipped Morgan Browner, aged 16, when Browner procured a gun and shot the negro dead.

Henry A. Frelsen, a New Orleans merchant, who, when a subject of Denmark, took an active part in Greece's struggle for freedom, and there became intimate with Lord Byron, has just died at the age of 84.

The outlook for the fall and winter trade in all sections of the South is reported to be favorable.

Recent reports of damage to the rice crop in the South by floods were grossly exaggerated, and the loss will be small compared with the total yield.

A. M. Seales, Democratic candidate for Governor of North Carolina, escaped death on Cowee Mountain by the antics of his horse, which fell down a precipice of one hundred feet. Seales caught in a tree, and was rescued and sent home to Greensboro.

WASHINGTON.

H. H. Kinslingbury, son of the lieutenant who perished in the Green expedition, has been appointed by President Arthur to a cadetship at Annapolis.

POLITICAL.

The Methodist Episcopal Conference at Lansing, Mich., rejected the report of the committee pleading members to support Prohibition candidates, and adopted a resolution which permits voting as conscience may dictate.

The Attorney General of New Jersey, having been asked for an opinion, declares national bank officials eligible on an electoral ticket, they not being officials of the United States.

The Greenbackers of Colorado met in convention at Denver and placed in nomination the following ticket: Presidential electors, J. D. Bailey, of Denver; P. C. Messenger, of Greeley; H. P. Dutton, of Denver; for Congress, George W. Way, of Boulder; Governor, John E. Washburn, of Larimer; Lieutenant Governor, A. K. White, of Lake; Secretary of State, M. C. Dunn, of Pueblo; State Treasurer, J. R. Buchanan, of Denver. Ex-Representative Rev. Dr. Gilbert De La Matry declined a unanimous nomination for Congress. A resolution having for its object a fusion with the Democrats on the State ticket was passed. The Colorado State Prohibition Convention also convened at Denver. A series of resolutions were adopted declaring in favor of the principle and policy of legal prohibition, pledging support to only pure men for positions of official trust, declaring unity with and allegiance to the National Prohibition party, and pledging cordial support to St. John and Daniel. A committee of fifteen was appointed, with instructions to place a State ticket in the field, either of the candidates of the other parties or new men.

W. L. Ellsworth has been placed in nomination for President by the "American Political Alliance," whatever that is.

Joseph O. Smith, Secretary of State of Maine, sends out the following figures as the footings of the vote for Governor at the recent election: Robie, 78,913; Rodman, 50,061; H. B. Eaton, 3,137; Eastis, 1,490; W. A. Eaton, 97; scattering, 10. This shows a majority for Robie over all of 15,411.

Capt. W. L. Ellsworth has accepted the nomination for President of the United States tendered by the American Political Alliance, and will stump Louisiana, Tennessee, Maryland and Virginia. The headquarters of the Alliance will be removed from Boston to Philadelphia.

Congressional nomination: George West, Republican, Twentieth New York District; John Atkinson, Republican, First Michigan; Ira Davenport, Republican, Twenty-ninth New York; Henry J. Cookingham, Republican, Twenty-third New York; Thomas M. Perrell, Democrat, First New Jersey; C. G. Burnett, Republican, Twenty-first Ohio; E. C. Carleton, Democrat, Seventh Michigan; C. A.

Newcomb, Republican, Tenth Missouri; O. J. Atkinson, People's party, Seventh Michigan; Joseph Rankin, Democrat, Fifth Wisconsin; L. A. Larson, Democrat, Eighth Wisconsin; W. O. Dallmeyer, Republican, Eleventh Wisconsin; R. R. Marshall, Democrat, Second Virginia; A. A. Ramsey, Republican, Third Massachusetts; John D. Long, Republican, Second Massachusetts; F. B. Grant, Democrat, Second New Jersey; John H. Rogers, Democrat, Fourth Arkansas; F. E. Shaw, Democrat, Second Maryland; J. H. Stickle, Democrat, Second Nebraska; Charles O'Neill, Republican, Second Pennsylvania; William D. Kelley, Republican, Fourth Pennsylvania; Allen Miller, Republican, Thirteenth Ohio; F. D. Ely, Republican, Ninth Massachusetts; J. F. Wait, Republican, Third Connecticut; John G. Carlisle, Democrat, Sixth Kentucky; C. C. Clark, Democrat, Fourteenth Illinois; L. F. Payne, Democrat, Thirtieth New York; Alex. Graves, Democrat, Fifth Missouri; George West, Republican, Twentieth New York; Lyman Coo, Republican, Fourth Connecticut; H. C. McCoy, Democrat, Tenth Iowa; John Hailley, Democrat, Idaho Territory.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Recent frosts have done much injury to the crops in Nova Scotia.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd-Fellows was in session at Minneapolis last week. Grand Sire Loesch congratulated the order on its prosperity, showing an increase of four grand lodges, 130 subordinate lodges, and 11,675 in lodge membership during the year. The total relief reached was \$2,015,823.22, and the revenue is \$5,350,041.47. In view of the heavy expense, the Grand Sire recommends biennial sessions of the Sovereign Lodge, instead of annual meetings as at present.

L. P. Herbert, cashier of a bank at Hyacinthe, near Montreal, fled to New York with \$50,000, and is being pursued by detectives.

The sixteenth annual reunion of the Army of the Cumberland was held at Rochester, N. Y. Gen. Sheridan presided and delivered a brief address.

An express-train in which United States Minister Logan and his family were passengers was attacked near Calhoun, Chile, by bandits. The courage and coolness of the driver prevented the desperadoes from carrying out their purpose of robbing and robbing the train.

The captain of a revenue steamer cruising off the coast of Alaska suggests that the Collector of San Francisco limit the quantity of liquors and firearms to be carried by whalers, on account of illicit trading.

The R. W. Grand Council of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria held their thirty-sixth National Convention at Pittsburgh. The order, with headquarters at Baltimore, is composed of 303 lodges and 10,000 members.

Among the failures reported are D. Linn, Gooch & Co., wholesale grocery and candy stores, at Fronto, Ohio, and A. M. & C. M. Clemente, at Fort Edward, N. Y. The former firm owes \$25,000, and the latter \$40,000.

To the representative of Jamaica, which is seeking to be united to Canada. Sir John A. Macdonald, the Canadian Premier, would not express an opinion on the subject, but would send information to Jamaica when the Dominion Cabinet took action.

For the eight months ended Aug. 31, the exports of breadstuffs reached the value of \$94,060,250, against \$114,239,470 for the same period in 1893.

Business failures for the week numbered 266, against 180 the previous week, and 177 in the corresponding week of 1893.

Flames swept away the dining mill of William H. Payne, in New York, causing a loss of \$60,000. Seven stores were burned at Penzance, Ontario, and sixteen buildings at Berlin, Wis.

FOREIGN.

The Emperors of Germany, Austria, and Russia have been in conference at Skiermiewice, Poland. They were closely guarded by Gen. Gourko's soldiers. No civilians were permitted to approach the palace. Prince Bismarck, Count Kalnoky, and M. de Giers were in attendance on their imperial masters. The Journal of St. Petersburg, a semi-official organ, says the purpose of the conference was to promote peace and order and to consolidate the imperial triple alliance. The three powers, it intimates, will act in concert on all important international questions.

The Russian papers express satisfaction at the appointment of Lord Dufferin as Viceroy of India.

The English residents at Shanghai, China, ask their home Government to interfere to procure a settlement of the warlike controversy between France and China.

Two thousand French troops landed below Foo Chow and attacked the Chinese, the latter being defeated with heavy loss.

A party of Sudanese which attacked a convoy taking provisions to Suakin, near that place, were routed by twenty policemen, fifty Arabs, and 200 Hadendowas. Osman Digma's nephew was among the slain.

Most extraordinary precautions were taken to insure the safety of the three Emperors on their routes to the place of conference in Poland. The police were apprised that dynamite would be placed in the coal of the locomotive; the coal was overhauled, and all the passengers on the train were carefully examined. No explosive was discovered.

A Rome dispatch states that the Pope has written the Archbishop of Sens and the Archbishop of Rheims Cardinals.

The London Tory journals urge the prosecution of William Redmond, one of the Fenian members of Parliament, for his speech in Dublin in which he said that if the Irish people failed to obtain redress by parliamentary means they would try other methods.

The police of Naples have been ordered to prevent religious processions, which tend to the spread of cholera, and which, it is charged, are promoted for sordid purposes.

Two more telegrams have been received at Cairo from Gen. Go. don, who complains of dilatory action in sending relief, while the foe in his front are increasing in numbers.

Grand trunk railway officials, in semi-annual meeting at London, declared a split dividend on first preference shares, but passed the dividend on second preferred

shares. The net loss on receipts for the six months was \$49,000.

There were 630 new cases of cholera in Italy, including 507 in Naples, on the 18th of September. Of the 341 deaths, 283 occurred in the same city.

The Limerick Councilmen refuse very positively to make an assessment for the extra police tax, or to send a deputation to Lord Spencer, the Irish Viceroy, to arrange for a compromise. The Councilmen take it that the tax was an unjust one, and are prepared to go to prison rather than make the assessment for its payment.

LATER NEWS ITEMS.

Mr. Blaine's reply to the interrogatories propounded by the defense in the libel suit at Indianapolis were filed in the United States Court, at that city, last week. Mr. Blaine states under oath that he was married "in Millersburg, Ky., on the 30th of June, 1850, in the presence of Sarah C. Stanwood and S. L. Blaine. The marriage was secret. Having doubt subsequently of its validity under the laws of Kentucky, which then stringently required a license from the Clerk of the County Court, I had the marriage solemnized the second time in Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 25th of March, 1851, in the presence of John V. Lemoyne and David Bell." His first child, a son, was born on the 18th of June, 1851. In regard to the defacing of this child's tombstone, Mr. Blaine says: "I have not myself seen the stone since the first week in July, but have reason to believe, and do believe, that since that date many letters and figures thereon have been defaced, and that the figure 1 in the year 1851 has been entirely removed. I have no means of ascertaining by whom this was done, but have reason to believe, and do believe, that a photograph was taken of the defaced stone by the procurement of one of the publishers of the New York Age, a Democratic paper published in this city, and that copies of said photograph were sent to divers and sundry persons, including the publisher of the Indianapolis Sentinel, the defendant in this suit."

Harry Clay, a well-known lawyer of Louisville, and a grandson of the great Henry Clay, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by Andy Wepler. Clay took offense at his friend Wepler because the latter would not lend him as much money as he wanted to buy whisky with.

The Journal des Debats, one of the leading Parisian journals, condemns the management of the French navy and says it is almost worthless. The Pall Mall Gazette says similar harsh things about the British navy.

The German Colonization Society proposes to secure land in Zanzibar for colonization purposes, instead of on the west coast of Africa, as at first projected.

Mr. Harrington, an Irish member of Parliament, in a letter to the Dublin Freeman's Journal, the principal Irish daily newspaper, says that he is convinced from careful personal inquiry that Myles Joyce, who was hanged for complicity in the Maamtrasna murders, and four other persons convicted at the same time were innocent.

A hotel at Burzig, Pomerania, was recently sold by a man named Feavert, who probably sailed for the United States. The new landlord soon discovered in the cellar the corpses of six traveling salesmen who had been guests at the house.

A cable message received at the Harvard College Observatory from the European Association of Astronomy announces the discovery by Dr. Wolf of a bright comet.

In the base-ball contest for the championship the week closed with the Providence having the absolute assurance of winning the pennant. The standing of the clubs in the national league was as follows: Providence, 78; Boston, 67; Buffalo and New York, 55 each; Chicago, 52; Cleveland, 53; Philadelphia, 52, and Detroit 22. In the American Association games the following was the standing: Metropolitan, 61; Louisville, 60; Columbus, 59; Cincinnati, 58; St. Louis, 55; Athletic, 50; Baltimore, 48; Toledo, 39; Brooklyn, 36; Indianapolis, 28; Pittsburgh, 26; Virginia, 19.

At a conference of the lumber-dealers of the East Saginaw (Mich.) district, it was determined to shut down the sawmills about the 10th of October and thus curtail production. The lumber market is dull, and immense quantities of saw-logs are on the hands of the dealers waiting purchasers.

A majority of the Supreme Court of Dakota have decided in favor of the commission act moving the State capital from Yankton to Bismarck.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.
BEEVES.....\$7.00 @ 7.50
HOGS.....6.00 @ 7.00
FLOUR-Extra.....5.50 @ 6.25
WHEAT-No. 2.....84 @ 87 1/2
No. 2 Red.....88 @ 90
CORN-No. 2.....64 @ 64
OATS-No. 2.....35 @ 41
POKE-New Mess.....17.50 @ 18.00

CHICAGO.
BEEVES-Choice to Prime Slaughter.....4.75 @ 5.25
Good Shipping.....6.00 @ 6.50
Common to Fair.....5.00 @ 5.50
HOGS.....3.50 @ 4.00
FLOUR-Extra White Winter.....4.25 @ 4.75
Good to Choice Spring.....4.00 @ 4.50
WHEAT-No. 2 Spring.....73 @ 76
No. 2 Red Winter.....82 @ 85
CORN-No. 2.....63 @ 64
OATS-No. 2.....35 @ 36
RYE-No. 2.....25 @ 26
BARLEY-No. 2.....27 @ 28
BUTTER-Choice Creamery.....24 @ 26
Butter-Full Cream.....17 @ 19
CHEESE-Full Cream.....11 @ 12
Shredded Flat......06 @ .07
EGGS-Fresh......17 @ .18
POTATOES-New, Beech......25 @ .30
POKE-Mess.....16.25 @ 16.75
LARD......07 @ .07 1/2

WHEAT-No. 2 Red.....77 @ 79
CORN-No. 2.....55 @ 56
OATS-No. 2.....37 @ 38
OATS-No. 2.....35 @ 36
WHEAT-No. 2.....74 @ 75
CORN-No. 2.....53 @ 55
OATS-No. 2.....32 @ 33
BARLEY-No. 2 Spring.....60 @ 61
POKE-Mess.....15.50 @ 16.00
LARD......06 @ .06 1/2

ST. LOUIS.
WHEAT-No. 2.....77 @ 78 1/2
CORN-No. 2.....55 @ 56
OATS-No. 2.....37 @ 38
RYE......25 @ .26
POKE-Mess.....16.25 @ 16.75

CINCINNATI.
WHEAT-No. 2 Red.....77 @ 79
CORN-No. 2.....55 @ 56
OATS-No. 2.....37 @ 38
POKE-Mess.....16.25 @ 16.75
LARD......07 @ .07 1/2

DETROIT.
FLOUR.....5.00 @ 5.75
WHEAT-No. 1 White......80 @ .81
CORN-Mixed......28 @ .29
OATS-No. 2 Mixed......20 @ .21
POKE-New Mess.....18.00 @ 18.50

INDIANAPOLIS.
WHEAT-No. 2 Red, New.....78 @ 79
CORN-Mixed......29 @ .31
OATS-Mixed......26 @ .27

EAST LIBERTY.
CATTLE-Beef.....6.50 @ 7.00
Common.....6.00 @ 6.50
Common.....5.50 @ 6.00
HOGS.....6.25 @ 6.75
SHEEP.....4.00 @ 5.00

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

Report of the Condition of the Crops in Europe.

(Washington dispatch.)

The report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for September has just been issued. It gives a very interesting report on the condition of the crops in Europe, India, and other foreign countries.

In Europe, as compared with last year, the barley and oat acreages have fallen off 5.8-10 per cent. and 2.8-10 per cent., respectively, and the slight gain of 2.4 per cent. in wheat has no significance beyond the fine condition of the land in the last growing season.

A dispatch to London from Calcutta expresses the opinion that India will be able to export 50,000,000 bushels of wheat to foreign countries this year. The Commissioner observes that the increase of exports from India from a few hundred thousand bushels per annum ten to twenty years ago to 37,118,543 bushels in 1881-82, and 39,127,977 bushels of sixty pounds for 1883-84 (year ended March 31), has excited the attention of the wheat-growing countries. It is known that India comes near to France and Russia in the volume of wheat production, and that these countries have only one out-ranking competitor—the United States of America.

The Commissioner speaks of the folly of attempting to "feed the nations of the earth." He says: "The area in wheat is now 38,500,000 acres, and 12,000,000 acres are cultivated in excess of the wants of the country, the produce of which must be sold abroad, mainly in Liverpool in competition with the grain of Russia, of South America, of Austria, and of India. It is sent 1,500 miles by land and 3,000 miles by sea, and from California more than half round the world to compete with the half-civilized fellows of Egypt and the slaves of India. It is a competition unworthy of American freemen, and utterly unnecessary, being caused by bad calculation in the distribution of crop areas, for while we export one-third of the wheat production we import one-seventh of all the barley consumption and \$100,000,000 worth of sugar at foreign valuation, which brings \$150,000,000 in our local markets, in addition to the costs and profits of refining here."

ATROCIOUS VILLAINY.

The Nutt Family at Uniontown, Pa., Poisoned by N. L. Dukes' Friends.

(Uniontown (Pa.) special.)

Intense excitement has been caused here by the discovery of an atrocious attempt to take the lives of the members of the Nutt family. The well from which the supply of water was drawn was poisoned by some unknown miscreant. Two of the young ladies are already dead, and other members of the family are dying. As far as can be ascertained, there is no apparent motive for the deliberate crime, and all efforts made thus far to trace the persons engaged in the horrible affair have proved a signal failure. The first intimation of the coming horror was the announcement last evening of the horrifying death of Miss Annie Nutt, sister of Miss Lizzie Nutt, whose betrothal by N. L. Dukes was followed by the tragic death of the young girl's father, and subsequently of Dukes, who was shot by James Nutt. This evening Miss Nellie Nutt, another of the sisters, expired, and news of her death was quickly circulated through the town, intensifying public opinion over the horrifying revelations. The water in the well is being analyzed, and the people are awaiting with intense anxiety the result of the examination. In the absence of any known motive for the crime the story of the Nutt scandal and the events following it are being excitedly discussed, and although there may be no truth in it the theory is advanced that some friend of Dukes has resorted to this disgraceful act to avenge his killing by the brother of Miss Lizzie Nutt. Young James Nutt, the avenger of his sister's honor, who is at home, and also his sister Lizzie, were both made ill, but their condition is not critical.

THE PEACE OF EUROPE.

The Conference of the Three Emperors Settled for the Present.

(Cable dispatch from Skiermiewice, Poland.)

The Austrian Emperor conferred the Grand Cross of St. Stephen upon Grand Duke Vladimir, De Giers, and Prince Lobanoff. He also presented Gen. Janjatin, commander of the regiment of which he is honorary Colonel, with a gold snuff-box set with diamonds. In making his address the Emperor of Austria kissed the hand of the Czar and the Kaiser, and the Czar, thanking him for his exceeding amiability. Deafening cheers followed the Austrian Emperor until his carriage was out of hearing distance. Tuesday evening the royal party attended the theater. The Emperor of Germany conducted the Ozerina, who was adorned with Prussian decorations. The Emperor of Austria conducted the Grand Duchess Maria Pavlovna, and the Czar and other members of the party followed. Russian, Polish, and Austrian ballets furnished the entertainment. The imperial spectators retired to tea after the second act.

(Cable dispatch from St. Petersburg.)

The Journal de St. Petersburg says the recent meeting of the three Emperors at Skiermiewice secures lasting peace in Europe. The principles of unity, conciliation, and appeasement now replace all isolated actions, and remove all uncertainty as to tomorrow's events, thus exercising a favorable influence upon the political and social world. This security, says the Journal, is not based upon any abstract theories, but upon practical unity interests.

CHIPS.

A MINNEAPOLIS man has a pet hog which follows him wherever he goes.

ALVAN CLARK, most noted of telescope makers, has completed his eightieth year.

The British Government spends about \$5,000 a year in the photography of criminals.

"EXTRA BILLY" SMITH, once Governor of Virginia, has just celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday.

In Philadelphia there is a sect of religious believers who worship a woman under the belief that she is a "daughter of God." The woman died not long ago and her heirs are now disputing as to her possessions.

ISAIAH COE, of Waterbury, Conn., is the only survivor of the State Legislature of 1824, of which he was the youngest member. He is 90 years old, in full mental and physical vigor, and is not a Prohibitionist.

Mr. MOODY, with his by no means silent partner, Sankey, is at work at Portland, Me.

POLITICAL.

Mr. Conkling Talks on the Situation—He Will Probably Support Butler.

(New York special.)

Blaine in Boston, Hendricks at Peoria, Butler at Louisville, and Daniel at the Hub.

Conkling Talks.

Conkling tells all newspaper reporters that he is out of public life, and has no interest in politics, and has nothing to say. To his friends and acquaintances, however, he talks with the utmost freedom.

To one of these he said yesterday that in his judgment both parties had nominated bad and unworthy men. He could not consistently vote for either. He gave his friend to understand that he would vote for Butler if he voted at all. If he takes any part in politics he will use his influence in behalf of the Republican party. He thought that this discontent with the party leaders was greater in this State than in any other in the Union. It was on this account that no sound prediction could now be made as to the political outcome in New York State.

If this dissatisfaction should continue to grow Butler may receive more votes here than either Blaine or Cleveland. Mr. Conkling has no desire to return to public life at present. He says that it is a good time to be out of politics.

Mr. Conkling thinks the general tendency is in the direction of the breaking up of the two leading party organizations. He has never given any of his old friends the slightest ground for leading them to suppose that he would vote this year for the Republican candidate for President.

The political situation shifts here from day to day. The politicians acknowledge that among workmen the general will is a good vote. It is a formidable bolt against Cleveland as well as in Rochester. The temperance movement in Western New York bolsters the Republicans very much. Altogether things are very much mixed in New York State.